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SUNNYVALE, CA 94085			2173	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Applica	ation No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/752	,504	MAFFEZZONI, GUID	0			
		Examin	ier	Art Unit				
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Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 24 March 200) 5.					
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)□								
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-23,35 and 36 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-23, 35-36 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from o	consideration.					
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the E	Examiner.	•					
10)	0)□ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection	on to the drawing(s) be held in abeyar	ice. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the	e correction is requ	uired if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR	1.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by	y the Examiner.	Note the attached	I Office Action or form PTO-	152.			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority do 2. Certified copies of the priority do 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International	cuments have be cuments have be the priority docur	een received. een received in A ments have been	pplication No	age			
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DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is in response to the AMENDMENT submitted/entered with filling of RCE on March 24, 2005.

2. The pending claims 1-23, and 35-36 are examined herein as follows:

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

3. Claims 1, 12 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The Examiner could not locate the claimed subject matter, "the configuration changes being saved without being activated;" (of claim 1), similarly "the changes to the configuration being saved without being activated" (of claim 12) and "the writing being performed without activating the user selection" (of claim 20) in the specification, as indicated by the Applicant, that is, on page 7, lines 17-23 and page 21, lines 5-7.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claims 1-3, 8-10, and 12-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Symbios Inc., PCI SCSI Device Management system SDMS 4.0, User's Guide Version 7.0, 1998.

Symbios discloses PCI SCSI Device Management System. Specifically, the claimed subject matter of the current application is described and illustrated in chapter 5 (Device Drivers for Windows NT 3.5x/4.x).

With regard to claim 1:

As per "A method for managing a configuration of a host adapter for a computer, the host adapter allowing communication between the computer and a peripheral device connected to the host adapter," (see pages 1-2, and 21).

As per "generating a graphical user interface, the graphical user interface being configured to allow a user to access configuration settings of the host adapter;" (see page 28).

As per "managing the configuration settings of the host adapter by way of the graphical user interface to create configuration changes, the configuration changes being saved to a file in a storage location," (see pages 28-29 and 32). The claim further recites "the configuration changes being saved without being activated;" Symbios teaches rebooting (see page 34) the computer for configuration change to take effect. But the Examiner could not locate this teaching on the Specification of the application as indicated by Applicant on pages. (i.e., page 7, lines 17-23 and page 21, lines 5-7).

As per "rebooting the computer, the rebooting using code having program, instructions for locating the file having the saved configuration changes;" (page 34).

As per "reading the configuration changes saved to the file in the storage location, the reading being performed during the rebooting of the computer;" (pages 26).

As per "writing the configuration changes to a nonvolatile memory of the host adapter of the computer, the writing being performed during the rebooting of the computer;" (pages 26, 27 and 34).

As per "activating the configuration changes for the host adapter during the rebooting of the computer so that the computer uses the configuration changes when communicating with the host adapter" (pages 28-29 and 32).

As per "wherein the graphical user interface provides the user with a look and feel of system components visible and accessible through the operating system of the computer." (see pages 1-2, and 6, and 24). Furthermore, since Symbois implements the utility program under Windows NT (i.e., graphical user interface environment), the user will visualize the configurable system components and access each component through the NT operating system (pages 24, 25 and 32).

With regard to claim 2:

As per "... informing the user that the setting changes will not be available until the rebooting of the computer is complete." (page 34).

As per "prompting the user to execute a reboot command." (pages 24 and 34). With regard to claim 3:

As per "... wherein the managing the configuration of the host adapter includes: determining what peripheral devices are connected to the host adapter." (pages 32-33).

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With regard to claim 8:

As per "... wherein the host adapter is a SCSI host adapter." (pages 28-29). With regard to claim 9:

As per "... wherein a system BIOS of the computer reads the configuration changes saved to the file in the storage location." (pages 29-30).

With regard to claim 10:

As per "... wherein the storage location is defined in storage associated with one of a hard drive of the computer and a memory chip." (page 32).

With regard to claim 12:

As per "A method for accessing and managing a configuration of a host adapter for a computer, the host adapter providing communication between the computer and a peripheral device connected to the computer," (see pages 1-2, and 21).

As per "generating a graphical user interface;" (pages 24, 26 and 32).

As per "accessing and managing the configuration of the host adapter by way of the graphical user interface, the accessing and managing of the configuration including making changes to the configuration;" (pages 24, 26 and 32).

As per "saving the changes to the configuration to a registry key," (pages 13-15, 35 and 38). The claim further recites "the changes of configuration being saved without being activated;" Symbios teaches rebooting (see page 34) the computer for configuration changes to take effect. But the Examiner could not locate this teaching on

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the Specification of the application as indicated by Applicant on pages. (i.e., page 7, lines 17-23 and page 21, lines 5-7).

As per "receiving a command to reboot the computer;" (page 34).

As per "executing the command to reboot the computer and initiating a reboot operation;" (pages 27 and 34).

As per "reading the changes to the configuration saved to the registry key during the reboot operation;" (pages 13-15, 28-29, and 32).

As per "writing the changes to the configuration to a nonvolatile memory of the host adapter of the computer during the reboot operation;" (pages 26, 27 and 34)

As per "wherein the graphical user interface provides the user with a look and feel of system components visible and accessible through the operating system." (see pages 1-2, and 6, and 24). Furthermore, since Symbois implements the utility program under Windows NT (i.e., graphical user interface environment), the user will visualize the configurable system components and access each component through the NT operating system (pages 24, 25 and 32).

With regard to claim 13:

As per "... wherein the initiating of the reboot operation includes shutting down all applications and all system devices." (pages 24, and 34).

With regard to claim 14:

As per "... wherein the reading of the changes to the configuration saved to the registry key is by a device driver at Ring 0 after the shutting down of all applications." (pages 24, and 34).

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With regard to claim 15:

As per "... wherein the writing of the configuration changes to the nonvolatile

memory of the host adapter of the computer is by the device driver at Ring 0 after the

reading of the changes to the configuration saved to the registry key." (pages 15-17, 31-

32, and 24-28).

With regard to claim 16:

As per "... wherein the reboot operation includes shutting down of an operating

system after the writing of the configuration changes to the nonvolatile memory of the

host adapter and then an executing of a boot sequence by a system BIOS." (pages 15-

17, 31-32, and 24-28).

With regard to claim 17:

As per "... reading the configuration of the host adapter with the configuration

changes by the system BIOS during the boot sequence;" (pages 15-17, 31-32 and 24-

28).

As per "initializing the computer and the host adapter in accordance with the

configuration of the host adapter with the configuration changes." (pages 15-17, 31-32

and 24-28).

With regard to claim 18:

As per "..., wherein the host adapter is a SCSI host adapter." (page 32).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a), which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections, set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 4-7, 19, 35 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Symbios Inc., PCI SCSI Device Management system SDMS 4.0, User's Guide Version 7.0 in view of SunTM StorEdge TM A5000 Installation Guide, for Windows NT Server 4.0

Symbios describes menu or selectable lists of representation of host adapters in a GUI, but Symbios does not illustrate or describe an icon representation of a host adapter (a host adapter icon) as specified in claim 4. Also, while Symbios discloses providing access to the host adapter and peripheral devices attached to the host adapter (pages 26-34), but Symbios doe not expressly illustrate or describe selecting the host adapter icon, wherein selecting the host adapter icon being configured to provide access to the host adapter and peripheral devices connected to the host adapter as specified in **claim 5**. Furthermore, while Symbios describes list or menu for accessing the diagnostic tools for managing the configuration of the host adapter (pages 26-34), but, again, Symbios does not expressly describe a host adapter icon to provide access to diagnostic tools as specified in claim 7. Furthermore, Symbios describes "informing the user that the configuration changes will not be available until the reboot operation is complete;" (pages 24 and 34) and "prompting the user to select the command to reboot the computer" (pages 24 and 34); in addition, while Symbios describes generating a menu or selectable list in the graphical user interface (page 28)

to provide a user access to the host adapter and any device attached to the adapter, but Symbios does not illustrate or describe the <u>host adapter icon</u> as specified in **claim 19**.

As shown in Symbios, NTCONFIG Utility is a menu driven utility including menu bars, scroll bar manipulated with mouse cursor (chapter 5, pages 32-33). Symbios also discloses device selection menu (chapter 5, page 32), wherein the devices are represented as selectable lists, not icons as claimed in claims 4-7, and 19. However, SunTM StorEdge TM A5000 Installation Guide, for Windows NT Server 4.0 (Sun) discloses these shortcomings. Sun discloses, among other things, an icon representation of devices (SCSI host adapters) (see Sun pages 4-9), Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to use iconic representation in place of list or textual representation because user will perform better by using iconic interaction than textual or selectable list interface.

Symbios in view of Sun further discloses that the selecting of the host adapter icon provides access to the configuration settings of the host adapter as specified in **claim 6** (Symbios, pages 26-34).

Symbios in view of Sun further discloses access to any device connected to the host adapter includes providing for configuration and management of any device connected to the host adapter as specified in claims **35 and 36** (Symbios, pages 26-34).

6. <u>Claims 11, 20-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable</u>
over Symbios Inc., PCI SCSI Device Management system SDMS 4.0, User's Guide
Version 7.0 in view of Admitted Prior Art.

With regard to claim 20:

As per "displaying a graphical user interface, the graphical user interface providing a list of selectable configuration options;" (pages 26-28).

As per "receiving user selections of change options provided by the list of selectable configuration options;" (pages 26-29).

As per "writing the user selections to a storage location," (pages 26). The claim further includes "the writing being performed without activating the user selection;" Symbols teaching rebooting the computer for a change, such as writing to take effect(pages 24, 26 and 34).

As per "initiating a reboot of the computer, the rebooting using code having program instructions for locating the storage location to read the user selections;" (pages 24 and 34).

As per "completing the rebooting, the SCSI host adapter being configured to operate in accordance with the user selections;" (pages 24 and 34).

As per "wherein the graphical user interface provides the user with a look and feel of system components visible and accessible through the operating system of the computer." (see pages 1-2, and 6, and 24). Furthermore, since Symbois implements the utility program under Windows NT (i.e., graphical user interface environment), the user will visualize the configurable system components and access each component through the NT operating system (pages 24, 25 and 32).

Symbois discloses most of the claimed subject matter except for the association of EEPROM with a SCSI host adapter, that is, "writing the user selections from the

storage location to the EEPROM. Symbols instead describes NVRAM associated with SCSI host adapter (pages 26 –28). However, the Admitted prior art describes the association between the EEPROM and SCSI, SCSI host adapters contain EEROM as claimed in the above limitations (Application, page 3 lines 3-14).

The Admitted Prior Art and Symbois are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor, managing device setting.

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to replace NVRAM (non-volatile random access), the type of memory used in Symbois with EEPROM (also non-volatile memory, electrically erasable programmable read only memory) of the Admitted prior art. The suggestion /motivation for doing so would have been an obvious functional equivalent. Since both are non-volatile memories that store instructions or configuration settings for the SCSI host adapter, they would perform equally well.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine the Admitted Prior Art with Symbios to obtain the invention as specified in claims 20.

With regard to claim 21:

Symbios in view of Admitted Prior Art discloses that the graphical user interface includes selections to initiate diagnostic testing of the SCSI host adapter." (Symbios, pages 18-22, 38).

With regard to claim 22:

Symbios in view of Admitted Prior Art discloses that the storage location is defined in storage associated with one of a hard drive of the computer and a memory chip." (Symbios, pages 26-32).

With regard to claim 11:

Symbios in view of Admitted Prior Art discloses that the system BIOS writes the configuration changes to an EEPROM of the host adapter." (The Admitted Prior Art, page 3, lines 3-14).

7. <u>Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Symbios in view of Sun as applied to claims 4-7, 19 and 20 above, and further in view of The Admitted Prior Art.</u>

Again Symbios discloses a graphical user interface is displayed following a selection of a SCSI host adapter list or menu (pages 27 and 32), but Symbios does not illustrate or describe the host adapter icon as specified in claim 23. However, as applied to claims 4-7 and 19 above, Symbios in view of Sun describes such host adapter icon (see Sun pages 4-9). Furthermore, Symbios in view of Sun, however, does not show the association of EEPROM with the host adapter as claimed in claim 23, but as given rejection to claim 20, such limitation is describes in the Symbios in view of Admitted Prior Art (Admitted Prior Art, page 3, lines 3-14).

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 6/28/2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that Symbois utility configuration program does not provide the look and feel of visibility and accessibility through the operating system. The

Examiner disagrees because "the look and feel of visibility" is nothing more than running a configuration program within a graphical user interface operating system environment rather than text based environment, thus, Symbois utility configuration program runs within Windows NT environment, where one can visualize (i.e., graphically) the operation environment.

Regarding the registry key argument, where the Applicant states that Symbios teaches away from a registry key, the Examiner disagrees because as indicated above in claim 12 rejection, Symbois describes a registry key (pages 13-15, 28-29, and 32).

And regarding EEPROM argument, the Applicant Symbios does not disclose flashing the configuration changes to an EEPROM and writing the user selections from the storage location to the EEPROM. In contrast to the Applicant's, although Symbios discloses NVRAM (non-volatile memory) instead EEPROM (also non-volatile memory), the Admitted Prior art teaches EEPROM in association with the claimed subject matter (Application, page 3, lines 3-14).

CONCLUSION

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Tadesse Hailu, whose telephone number is (571) 272-4051. The Examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 10:30-7:00 ET. If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, John Cabeca, can be reached at (571) 272-4048 Art Unit 2173.

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10. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Patent examiner Tadesse Hailu Art unit 2173 6/8/05

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